In his first solo exhibit at Galeria Nara Roesler in São Paulo, Angelo Venosa presents three new artwork series deriving from his research on form.

Angelo Venosa will have his first solo exhibit at Galeria Nara Roesler, entitled Giusè, from February 20 to March 26. It will feature roughly 20 pieces divided into three new series in varying sizes and materials, process-based sculptures deriving from the research on form he developed throughout his career.

The history of Venosa’s output stands apart from that of so-called 8os Generation artists. Focusing on threedimensionality, the artist values procedures and the art-making experience as the constituents of his work. His creative process often combines technological elements and handicraft, opposing concept and the finished artwork.

As the artist himself put it in an interview to Paulo Sergio Duarte (2012): "I look at what I do, at what I’ve been doing, and the first thing I see is two seemingly opposite strains. One is more Cartesian, a logical, objective way to build the world, so to speak. And in the other one there’s this pressure of image, which is in complete contrast with the first one and is purposely more disorganized. But that disorder is not exactly disorderly."

The three series of artworks featured in the show deal...
with these processual premises in different ways. The first one comprises layered solids jutting directly from the wall or the floor or sitting on a black stand where one sees the two-dimensional projection of the continuity of their form (they are called “pictures,” creating a connection between painting and sculpture), in an interplay of idea and matter. Here, Venosa works from an ideal form, created in a computer, to build the volumes through layer superimposition to arrive at a visually organic result.

The set comprising the biggest pieces in the exhibit showcases the development of Venosa’s research that strives for externally-structured bodies, i.e. hollow forms whose boundaries are set exclusively by their outer layer, like exoskeletons. In these pieces, the artist’s confrontation with the material becomes all the more evident, since the artworks are composed through the juxtaposition of layers of plywood screwed onto one another. Once again, the artwork’s original conception is forced against its material limits, which can only be truly configured during its making.

Finally, small elements produced using a 3D printer, resembling coral-like organic structures – here the idea of the exoskeleton appears again – create heterogeneous sets, like a Modern-Age curiosity cabinet. “They’re also a strong space for experimentation in the most direct, playful sense of the word,” as Venosa puts it.

The integration of wood and the plastic material that constitutes the print layers – which draw a parallel with the fact that the layered volumes in the first set of artworks are handmade –, the pieces take on an appearance between organic and artificial, in a trompe l’œil effect. And they incorporate processing errors as part of the artwork (the so-called “stringings,” when threads from some layers jut out of the piece, like seam slippages), which subverts the objectivity of the technological process, adding inexactitude and chance.

Thus, the meaning that runs through these pieces and connects them to Angelo Venosa’s careers is the
assimilation of indefiniteness as a component in a world that’s more and more averse to imperfection and based on certainty. In his process-based puzzles, which, like an optical illusion, disassemble the seeming coherence of their constituent elements at every moment, the artist constantly brings us back to the present moment, in the form of the experience of contact with the artwork, unpredictable like the artwork creation process itself. More than grasping a stationary meaning to the artwork, the important thing here is to find oneself instigated by its contradictions, which bridge the gap between cerebral, scientific assertiveness and the nature we are part of.

About the artist
Angelo Venosa was born in São Paulo in 1954. He lives and works out of Rio de Janeiro.
He is one of a handful of exceptions from the so-called “80s Generation” who devote themselves exclusively to sculpture rather than painting. As part of a new generation which rebelled against the tradition of formalism in Brazil, his work is an amalgamation of materials, genres and historical movements, resulting in figures and forms of bone structures of animals, real and imagined.
Venosa’s work was featured in the 19th São Paulo Art Biennial (1987), the 45th Venice Biennale (1993) and the 5th Mercosul Biennial (2005). In 2012, the Museum of Modern Art of Rio de Janeiro honored him with a major solo show to celebrate 30 years of his career. That same show was later featured at the São Paulo State Art Gallery (Pinacoteca), in April 2013, when a publication containing his work was launched. His public works are on display at the São Paulo Museum of Modern Art in São Paulo, Brazil; José Ermírio de Moraes Park in Curitiba, Brazil; the São Paulo State Art Gallery – Pinacoteca in São Paulo, Brazil; Copacabana / Leme Beach in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; Santana do Livramento, Brazil, and other locations.